CAIT Node.js Briefing

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Those Vendors

• High-dollar software, hardware and consulting **vendors** won't tell you that most problems do not require an expensive, complicated **enterprise solution**

But it's true!

Do the simplest thing that will work It is SO much easier to

understand, explain and maintain

Overview ...

- "Node's goal is to provide an easy way to build scalable network programs."
 - http://nodejs.org/#about
- A full programming environment, not just for building "servers"
- "The **official name** of Node is "Node". The unofficial name is "Node.js" to disambiguate it from other nodes."
 - https://github.com/joyent/node/wiki/FAQ
- Runs on top of Chrome V8 JavaScript engine
- Implemented in C++ and JavaScript
- Supported on Linux, Mac OS X and Windows
- Created by Ryan Dahl at Joyent

passed control of the project to Isaac Schlueter on 1/30/12



... Overview

• Event-based rather than thread-based

- runs in a single thread
- can use multiple processes
- inspired by

0

- **Reactor pattern** http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reactor_pattern
- Python Twisted http://twistedmatrix.com/
- Ruby EventMachine http://rubyeventmachine.com/
- Nginx http://wiki.nginx.org/Main
- Assumes most time consuming operations involve I/O
 - invoked asynchronously; non-blocking
 - a callback function is invoked when they complete



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from Wikipedia, "The **reactor design pattern** is an event handling pattern for handling service requests delivered concurrently to a service handler by one or more inputs. The service handler then demultiplexes the incoming requests and dispatches them synchronously to the associated request handlers."

Chrome V8

- From Google
- Used by Chrome browser and Node.js
- Implemented in C++
- Currently supports ECMAScript 5
- Node adopts the JavaScript syntax supported by V8
 - so will support ES6 when V8 supports it

Should You Use It?

Reasons To Use

0

- application can benefit from asynchronous, non-blocking I/O
- application is not compute-intensive
- V8 engine is fast enough
- prefer callback or actor models of concurrency
 - over thread-based approach with synchronized access to mutable state
- same language on client and server
- like dynamically typed languages
- large number of JavaScript developers

Some issues being addressed

- finding packages there are a large number of them and finding the best ones isn't easy enough
- debugging stack traces from asynchronously executed code are incomplete
- event loop sometimes difficult to determine why a program isn't exiting
 - typically due to open connections



Multiple Threads & Processes

Node uses multiple threads internally

- to simulate non-blocking file I/O
- You can't create new threads
 - unless you use "Threads A GoGo"
 - https://github.com/xk/node-threads-a-gogo
 - "provides an asynchronous, evented and/or continuation passing style API for moving blocking/longish CPU-bound tasks out of Node's event loop to JavaScript threads that run in parallel in the background and that use all the available CPU cores automatically; all from within a single Node process"

• Can use multiple, cooperating processes

- see "Child Processes" core module
 - processes created with fork function can emit and listen for messages
- see "Clusters" core module
 - "easily create a network of processes that all share server ports"



from Issac Schlueter on 11/7/12,

"Node uses threads for file system IO, and for some slow CPU-intensive operations, and for system calls that are not available asynchronously, and for spawning child processes (since you can't actually do that without a fork call).

It does *not* use threads for async network IO, because it's unnecessary, and it certainly does not spawn a thread for each request to an HTTP server, or for each outbound HTTP request it makes."

Where To Look For Functionality

1. JavaScript

CORE Classes: Arguments, Array, Boolean, Date, Error,
 Function, Global, JSON, Math, Number, Object, RegExp, String

2. Core Modules

- included with Node
- http://nodejs.org/docs/latest/api/
- view source at https://github.com/joyent/node
 - JavaScript is in lib directory
 - C++ code is in src directory

3. Userland Modules (third party)

- typically installed using NPM tool
- https://npmjs.org/
- 31,535 NPM packages on 6/3/13

4. Write yourself

see JavaScript reference at https://developer.mozilla.org/ en-US/docs/JavaScript/Reference

The Stack



Why JavaScript?

- First-class functions
- Closures
- Flexible objects
 - can add attributes and methods at any time
 - nice syntax for literal objects and arrays
- Only language supported by web browsers
- Can use same programming language on client and server
- Callbacks for asynchronous operations
 - callbacks vs. promises

JavaScript Classes

- Many people that have only taken a cursory look at JavaScript criticize it
- A common complaint is that prototypal inheritance is weird and complicated
- Let's look at that

```
function Cylinder(height, diameter) {
    this.height = height;
    this.diameter = diameter;
}
Cylinder.prototype.getVolume = function () {
    var radius = this.diameter / 2;
    return this.height * Math.PI * radius * radius;
};
var cyl = new Cylinder(4, 2);
// Output volume of cylinder with two decimal places.
console.log('volume =', cyl.getVolume().toFixed(2));
```

Not weird and not complicated!

Node Versions

- Stable versions have even minor release numbers
 - ex. 0.10.9
- Unstable versions have odd minor release numbers
 - ex. 0.11.2
 - where work toward next stable version takes place

Primary Node Resources

http://nodejs.org

- click "INSTALL" button to download platform-specific installer for latest stable version
- see API docs
- Node modules at http://npmjs.org
 - look at "express" module
- Let's install express
 - npm install express

Demos

- Running Node programs
- REPL
- Serving static files HTML, CSS, JavaScript, images, ...
- Implementing and calling REST services
- Saving data in a NoSQL database
- Pushing updates to browser clients using WebSockets
- Using multiple processors on web server

These slides and the code for the last four demos is available at https://github.com/mvolkmann/nodeExpressMongoWebSocketsCluster

Running Node Programs

Pass JavaScript file path to node command

- node cylinder.js
- Can pass command-line arguments into program
 - access with process.argv
 - it's an array containing 'node', absolute file path to JavaScript file, and command-line arguments
 - SO process.argv[2] holds first command-line argument



- Tool for evaluating JavaScript statements
 - outputs the value of each
- Useful for verifying understanding
- To start, enter node

Demo notes: Cd to training/JavaScript/labs/prototypal

• To load definitions in a JavaScript file enter .load file-path

```
$ node
> .load cylinder.js
... outputs each statement in file and its value ...
> c = new Cylinder(10, 4)
{ height: 10, diameter: 4 }
> c.height
10
> c.getVolume()
125.66370614359172
> .exit
```

- For help, enter .help
- To exit, enter .exit

Static File Web Server

Many options

- can use core http module, Express, Strata, ...
- we will use Express
- To install Express
 - mkdir node_modules
 - npm install express

Example



- To run server, enter node static.js
- Browse files in current directory with http://localhost:1919/file-name
 - can omit file-name for index.html

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Demo notes:

cd to express directory under nodejs-labs enter node static.js browse http://localhost:1919 and http://localhost:1919/google.gif



Let's build an addressbook app!

REST Web Server ...

```
server1.js
var express = require('express');
var app = express();
var book = {}; // just storing data in memory
app.use(express.static( dirname + '/public')); // serve static files
app.use(express.bodyParser()); // automatically convert JSON requests to objects
function del(req, res) {
 var id = req.params.id;
  if (book[id]) {
    delete book[id];
   res.<u>send</u>(200);
  } else {
    res.send(404);
 }
function get(req, res) {
 var id = req.params.id;
 var person = book[id];
 if (person) {
    res.set('Content-Type', 'application/json');
    res.send(200, JSON.stringify(person));
  } else {
    res.send(404);
  }
```

... REST Web Server

```
server1.is
         function list(req, res) {
           res.set('Content-Type', 'application/json');
           res.send(200, JSON.stringify(Object.keys(book)));
         function put(req, res) {
           var id = req.params.id;
           var person = req.body;
           book[id] = person;
           res.send(200);
         }
         app['delete']('/addressbook/:id', del);
referred to app.get('/addressbook/list', list);
as "routes" app.get('/addressbook/:id', get);
         app.put('/addressbook/:id', put);
         var PORT = 3000;
         app.listen(PORT);
         console.log('Express server listening on port', PORT);
```

Can test with curl command and browser without creating any HTML.

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Browser JavaScript ...

addressbook.js (function () { var emailInput, firstNameInput, lastNameInput, phoneInput; var deleteBtn, nameList; var URL PREFIX = 'http://localhost:3000/addressbook/'; function Person(firstName, lastName, email, phone) { this.firstName = firstName; this.lastName = lastName; this.email = email; this.phone = phone; } function add() { var id = getId(); var doneCb = function () { insertId(id); nameList.val(getKey()); }; \$.ajax(URL PREFIX + id, { type: 'PUT', contentType: 'application/json', data: JSON.stringify(makePerson()) }).done(doneCb).error(failCb); } function addId(id) { var pieces = id.split('-'); var key = pieces.join(', '); nameList.append(\$('<option>', {id: id}).text(key));

... Browser JavaScript ...

```
addressbook.js
function clear() {
  firstNameInput.val('');
  lastNameInput.val('');
  emailInput.val('');
  phoneInput.val('');
}
function del() {
  var doneCb = function () {
    $('#' + id).remove();
    clear();
    deleteBtn[0].disabled = true;
  };
 var id = getId();
  $.ajax(URL PREFIX + id, {type: 'DELETE'}).done(doneCb).error(failCb);
}
function failCb(err) {
  alert(err.toString());
  console.log('error:', err);
}
function getId() {
  return lastNameInput.val() + '-' + firstNameInput.val();
}
function getKey() {
  return lastNameInput.val() + ', ' + firstNameInput.val();
}
```

... Browser JavaScript ...

```
addressbook.js
function insertId(id) {
 var pieces = id.split('-');
 var key = pieces.join(', ');
 var option = $('<option>', {id: id}).text(key);
 var added = false;
 nameList.children().each(function (index, op) {
   if (added) return;
   if (id === op.id) {
      added = true; // already exists
   } else if (id < op.id) {</pre>
      option.insertBefore(op);
      added = true;
   }
 });
 if (!added) nameList.append(option);
}
function load() {
 var doneCb = function (ids) {
   ids.sort().forEach(addId);
 };
  $.getJSON(URL PREFIX + 'list').done(doneCb).fail(failCb);
}
function makePerson() {
 return new Person(
    firstNameInput.val(),
   lastNameInput.val(),
   emailInput.val(),
   phoneInput.val());
}
```

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... Browser JavaScript

```
function select(event) {
                                                         addressbook.js
    var option = $(event.target);
    // If the select element was selected instead of one of its options ...
    if (option.prop('tagName') !== 'OPTION') return;
    var id = option.attr('id');
    var key = option.text();
    var doneCb = function (person) {
      firstNameInput.val(person.firstName);
      lastNameInput.val(person.lastName);
      emailInput.val(person.email);
      phoneInput.val(person.phone);
      deleteBtn[0].disabled = false;
    };
    $.getJSON(URL PREFIX + id).done(doneCb).fail(failCb);
 }
 $(function () {
    firstNameInput = $('#firstName');
    lastNameInput = $('#lastName');
    emailInput = $('#email');
   phoneInput = $('#phone');
    nameList = $('#nameList');
    deleteBtn = $('#delete');
    load();
    $('#add').click(add);
    deleteBtn.click(del);
    nameList.click(select);
 });
}());
```

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Where Are We Now?

- Works great, but there are two big problems
- 1) All the data is lost when the server is shut down.
- 2) If there is more than one client, they only see changes of others after a refresh
- Let's fix the first problem

MongoDB

- A popular NoSQL database
- To install on Mac OS X
 - brew install mongodb
- To start daemon process
 - mongod
- To start a MongoDB shell for interactively creating, retrieving, updating deleting data
 - mongo
- To install a Node.js module for MongoDB
 - npm install mongodb

Web Server With MongoDB ...

```
function getDatabase() {
                                                                     server2.is
  var MongoClient = require('mongodb').MongoClient;
 MongoClient.connect('mongodb://localhost:27017/demoDb', function (err, db) {
   if (err) {
      console.error('failed to connect to database:', err);
    } else {
      getCollection(db);
    }
  });
function getCollection(db) {
 db.collection('addressbook', function (err, collection) {
    if (err) {
      console.error('failed to get collection:', err);
    } else {
      setupServer(collection);
    }
  });
function setupServer(collection) {
 var express = require('express');
 var app = express();
  app.use(express.static( dirname + '/public')); // serve static files
  app.use(express.bodyParser()); // convert JSON requests to objects
```

... Web Server With MongoDB ...

```
function getMongoQuery(req) {
                                                                      server2.js
  var id = req.params.id;
 var pieces = id.split('-');
  return {lastName: pieces[0], firstName: pieces[1]};
}
function del(req, res) {
  collection.remove(getMongoQuery(reg), function (err) {
    res.send(err ? 500 : 200, err);
  });
}
function get(req, res) {
 var cursor = collection.findOne(getMongoQuery(reg), function (err, person) {
    if (err) {
      res.send(500, err);
    } else if (person) {
      res.set('Content-Type', 'application/json');
      res.send(200 , JSON.stringify(person));
    } else {
      res.send(404);
    }
  });
1
```

... Web Server With MongoDB ...

```
function list(reg, res) {
                                                                 server2.js
  collection.find().toArray(function (err, persons) {
    if (err) {
     res.send(500, err);
    } else {
      var ids = persons.map(function (person) {
        return person.lastName + '-' + person.firstName;
      });
      res.set('Content-Type', 'application/json');
      res.send(200, JSON.stringify(ids));
    }
  });
}
function put(req, res) {
 var person = req.body;
 var options = {upsert: true}; // insert if not present
  collection.update(getMongoQuery(req), person, options, function (err) {
    res.send(err ? 500 : 200, err);
  });
}
```

... Web Server With MongoDB

```
app['delete']('/addressbook/:id', del); Server2.js
app.get('/addressbook/list', list);
app.get('/addressbook/:id', get);
app.put('/addressbook/:id', put);
var PORT = 3000;
app.listen(PORT);
console.log('Express server listening on port', PORT);
}
getDatabase();
```

Where Are We Now?

- Data is persisted across server restarts now
- Let's fix the problem with sharing changes between clients

WebSockets

Wikipedia definition

- "a web technology providing for bi-directional, full-duplex communications channels over a single TCP connection"
- "The WebSocket API is being standardized by the W3C, and the WebSocket protocol has been standardized by the IETF"
- See "The WebSocket API W3C Editor's Draft" 23 April 2013
 - http://dev.w3.org/html5/websockets/
- Supports long-lived connections between client and server
- Many server and client libraries
 - client libraries are for non-web clients; modern browsers have built-in support
- We will use the Node.js module "ws" at http://einaros.github.io/ws/
 - to install, npm install ws

WebServer With WebSockets ...

- Add broadcast and setupWebSocket functions on next slide
- Add these lines in setupServer after configuring app to setup use of WebSockets

var wsArray = []; Server3.js
setupWebSocket(app);

 Add calls to broadcast in del and put functions after response is sent so all clients are informed about these actions



... WebServer With WebSockets

```
function setupWebSocket(app) {
                                                         server3.is
 var WebSocketServer = require('ws').Server;
 var http = require('http');
 var server = http.createServer(app);
 var wss = new WebSocketServer({server: server});
 wss.on('connection', function (ws) {
   wsArray.push(ws);
 });
 server.listen(8080);
}
function broadcast(event, id) {
 var obj = {event: event, id: id};
 var msg = JSON.stringify(obj);
 wsArray.forEach(function (ws, index) {
   ws.send(msg, function (err) {
                                                                  happens when a
      if (err) wsArray[index] = null; // stop sending to this ws
                                                                  client disconnects
   });
 });
 // Remove nulls from array.
 wsArray = wsArray.filter(function (ws) { return ws; });
```

Browser JavaScript

• In addressbook.js, add the setupWebSocket function and call it before the call to load in the ready function

```
function setupWebSocket() {
  var ws = new WebSocket('ws://localhost:8080');
  ws.onmessage = function (event) {
    var obj = JSON.parse(event.data);
    if (obj.event === 'put') {
        insertId(obj.id);
    } else if (obj.event === 'delete') {
        $('#' + obj.id).remove();
    } else {
        console.error('received unrecognized message "' + event.data + '"');
    };
};
```

Where Are We Now?

- All clients are updated when any client performs a put or delete now
- But every client request is being processed by a single thread on the server
- If we have a large number of clients, it would be nice to take advantage of multiple processors in the server machine

Node.js Cluster Module

- "easily create a network of processes that all share server ports"
 - works with any TCP-based server, including HTTP and HTTPS
- Builds on "Child Processes" module
- Initial process is called "master"
 - only process that listens on selected port
 - uses inter-process communication (IPC) pipes to communicate with workers
- Forked processes are called "workers"
 - typically want to fork a number of workers not greater than number of processors
 - get number of processors with os.cpus().length
 - no guarantees about order of selection of workers to handle requests
 - distributes connections across workers, but doesn't distribute requests
 - once a client gets a connection, all their requests will go to the same worker

"The Jewel Box (also known as NGC 4755, the Kappa Crucis **Cluster** and Caldwell 94) is an open cluster in the constellation of Crux." ... Wikipedia



HTTP & WebSocket Connections

- Browser **clients** connect to
 - an HTTP server managed by one of the cluster workers
 - a WebSocket managed by one of the cluster workers
- The cluster **master** and **workers** each run in a separate process
- Cluster workers can send messages to their cluster master which has access to a collection of all the cluster workers and can send messages to them
- Each cluster worker holds

 a collection of WebSocket connections
 and can send messages to them



Web Server With Cluster

var cluster = require('cluster'); server4.is if (cluster.isMaster) return startWorkers(); function startWorkers() { Add this to var handleMsg = function (worker, msg) { Object.keys(cluster.workers).forEach(function (id) {

```
var otherWorker = cluster.workers[id];
  // Don't send to sender.
  if (otherWorker.process.pid !== msg.senderPid) {
    otherWorker.process.send(msq);
  }
});
```

```
var addWorker = function () {
  var worker = cluster.fork();
 worker.on('message', function (msg) {
    handleMsg(worker, msg);
```

cluster.on('exit', addWorker);

// If a worker exits, start a new one. doesn't help clients that were using the exited worker

```
// Fork worker processes.
var cpuCount = require('os').cpus().length;
for (var i = 1; i < cpuCount; i++) {
  addWorker();
}
```

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•

start of

server code

};

};

});

... Web Server With Cluster ...

Add this in setupServer after call to setupWebSocket

```
// Listen for messages from cluster master. Server4.js
process.on('message', function (msg) {
    if (msg.senderPid !== process.pid) sendToClients(msg);
});
```

Change broadcast function

```
function broadcast(event, id) { Server4.js
var msg = {event: event, id: id, senderPid: process.pid};
// Send to cluster master.
process.send(msg);
sendToClients(msg); on next slide
}
```

... Web Server With Cluster

Add sendToClients function



Where Are We Now?

- The last feature was more complicated, but hopefully each piece of it is understandable
- How difficult would this be to implement in other programming languages?







JavaScript/DDS Integration

• DDS is an Object Management Group specification for a data distribution service for real-time systems, i.e. 3rd generation pub/sub

Extending DDS Global Data Space to Web

Problem Statement

- large Asian bank operating in several countries
- expanding country-specific financial trading services to >10K users using desktop and mobile devices
- hold down costs by moving to an all open source solution

Solution Step #1

- switch internal trading systems messaging to OpenDDS
- implementation of OMG DDS 1.2 and DDS-RTPS 2.1 specifications
 - Data Centric Publish/Subscribe (DCPS) layer
- open source, permissive license with public source repository
- core libraries written in C++; includes Java API
- configurable transports
 - TCP, RTPS, UDP-unicast, UDP-multicast, shared memory

Solution Architecture



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Node.js Resources

- Main site http://nodejs.org/
- API doc http://nodejs.org/docs/latest/api/
- NPM Registry Search https://npmjs.org/
- How To Node http://howtonode.org/
- node-toolbox http://toolbox.no.de/
- NodeUp podcast http://nodeup.com/
- Felix Geisendoerfer's guide http://nodeguide.com
- JavaScript Reference https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/JavaScript/Reference
- JSLint http://www.jslint.com/
- JSHint http://www.jshint.com/

Closing Thought

Take the road LESS COMPLICATED!

});

"Two roads diverged in a yellow wood, And sorry I could not travel both And be one traveler, long I stood And looked down one as far as I could To where it bent in the undergrowth; Then took the other, as just as fair, And having perhaps the better claim, Because it was grassy and wanted wear; Though as for that the passing there Had worn them really about the same, And both that morning equally lay In leaves no step had trodden black. Oh, I kept the first for another day! Yet knowing how way leads on to way, I doubted if I should ever come back. I shall be telling this with a sigh Somewhere ages and ages hence: Two roads diverged in a wood, and I -I took the one less traveled by, And that has made all the difference."

Robert Frost, "The Road Not Taken", 1920